Early Psychotrauma – Trauma of Identity by Marta Thorsheim April 8th 2016

At the 4° Modul Training
In Multigenerational Psycho
traumatology and Sentence of Intention





Agenda

- Definition of trauma
- What happens in the psychic structure
- Myths and facts
- Conception
- Womb time
- Birth and first years

Definiton of Psychotrauma- Prof dr Franz Ruppert

Psychotrauma includes the fact, that our relations with other human beings can have overwhelming effects that we cannot cope with emotionally and mentally



Trauma circle

- Traumatisation by natural forces
- Traumatisation by human violence
- Traumatisation of sexuality
- Traumatisation of love
- Traumatisation of Identity

Early = deep

The earlier in life we make traumatising experiences the deeper and longer lasting are their effects on our health and illness - Ruppert

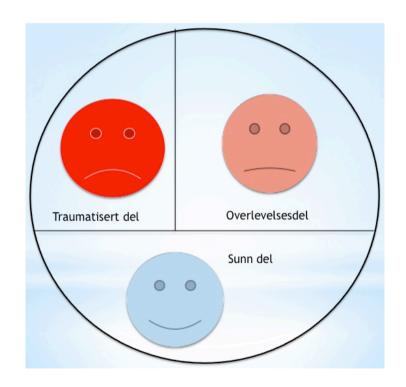
What did not happen just as important as what happene





Split in the personality structure

- Healthy part
- Traumatised part
- Survival part



Myths

All children are wanted and loved

Time in the womb is "like heaven", warm, holding, nurturing
Birth process does not affect the child

New born cannot feel, think, connect, express



Facts

- What do not happen in the womb affects us
- Human beings are connected by their environment
- Our first and most significant environment is our mothers wo
- Our experience in the womb is carried into adult lives





The start of our lives are conception

Starting point for healthy Identity and for Trauma of Identity

New evidence show that infants are social beings who can form close relationships, express themselves forcefully, exhibit preferences and begin influence people from the start

From conception and all our life we are interacting with, shaping and being shaped by the environment



Why conceived? Theme of many paradoxes

- Wanted?
- Unwanted?
- Replacement?



Time in the womb - What should happen?

- Grow in a welcoming mother who has support from father, family and friends
- Mother and father bond warmly with the child from the start
- Mother and father is eager to get to know the new being



What often happens

- Mother ambyivalent if she wants a child
- Mothers own stress, psychotrauma emotions and pictures supressed and transferred to the child
- When stressed:
- Stress hormones will be awakening in us to fight or activate to escape
- Adrenalin will pump through our system, causing our heart to beat faster
- Muscles tigthen up, cronic afraid



Childs environment

- Mothers nutrition and mothers emotional state are affecting the child from the very beginning
- Mothers stress level go directly into the child via the placenta and cord
- First nine months mother is the world



As mother – as child. Child marinades in the feelings of mother

- If mother feels well, the world feels like a safe place
- If mothers is stressed the world feels stressed
- Mothers stress level affects childs immunesystem from the very beginning



Birth - Imprint of time in the womb

Natural vaginal
Ceaserean, should only be done if life saving
Complications

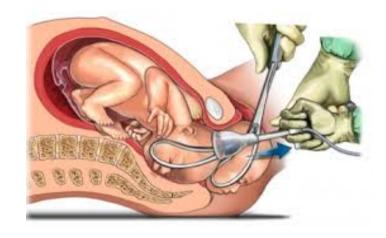
Let the umbilical cord pulsate out, immediate breast feeding Let mother and child be in a soft, warm environment without stress





Birth complications – often a consequence of psychotrauma before and/or during birth

Transverse or breech presentation
Rupture of the amniotic sac too early
Child gets stuck in the birth channel
Umbilical cord is wrapped around the childs neck
Vaccum and forceps extration
Ceasarean section





Child is born very helpless

Essential for child- welcoming mother, eyecontact, her breast, milk and nurture Extremely important time for further good bonding

Do not need photographers, mobile telephones and the whole clan to visit the first days





And the next months and years – Prof dr Franz Ruppert

Parents fullfill symbitoic needs of being welcomed, good body contact, being hold, being seen, being exlusive to anoher person, nurtured, understood, loved, belong, be someone....support the adaption to You

Parents fullfill autonomi needs like perceiving, own feeling, thinking by yourslef, vitality, receiving feedback, to rely on one's own ability to act, to be free, to decide by yourself...support the delimitation from You





If what should happen does not happen

Child gets stressed, wired for stressful environment, hyper, immunesystem decreases, child may split – become traumatised

- All kind of symtpoms may develope due to lack of needs met
- In the further bonding after birth the childs may go on to adopt to mother later other close person looses itself



When what should not happen happens

- Like violation, neglect, abuse, sexual abuse
- A child that has not got it needs met, becomes vulnerable, perhaps contact seeking
- Easy target for grown ups frustrations
- Childs psyche splits further to adapt and survive memories go into uncounscious



Early Psychotrauma means – Prof dr Franz Ruppert

Losing early contact with one's own life forces
Losing early the contact with one's own body
Feeling homeless from the very beginning
Losing early the potential to feel
Losing early trsut in others
Lose early a sense of the meaning of life
Losing early concat eith reality
Losing early one's own identity



Imprint of memories

Everybody has imprint of traumas passed on from generation to generation And from early traumas

To recall this memory in therapy is essential for developing own healthy I and free will



The way out = Encounter yourself

- Prof dr Franz Rupperts latest development:
- Encounter yourself by help of the sentence or picture of intention



Litterature

Prof dr Franz Ruppert:

Early Trauma (in English 2016)

Symbiosis & Autonomy

Lectures Oslo

Movie: INUTERO

Dr Gabor Mate: When the body says no

Dr Janov: The life before birth - the script that rules your life

Own practice and research, among other the prosject: Correlation between illnesses and psychotrauma



Announcement

3° International congress Love, Trauma and I In Munich 21-23 October 2016 www.healthy-autonomy.de

Thank you.

